

DISCUSSION OF “ASSET TOKENIZATION: A BLOCKCHAIN SOLUTION TO FINANCING INFRASTRUCTURE IN EMERGING MARKETS AND DEVELOPING ECONOMIES”

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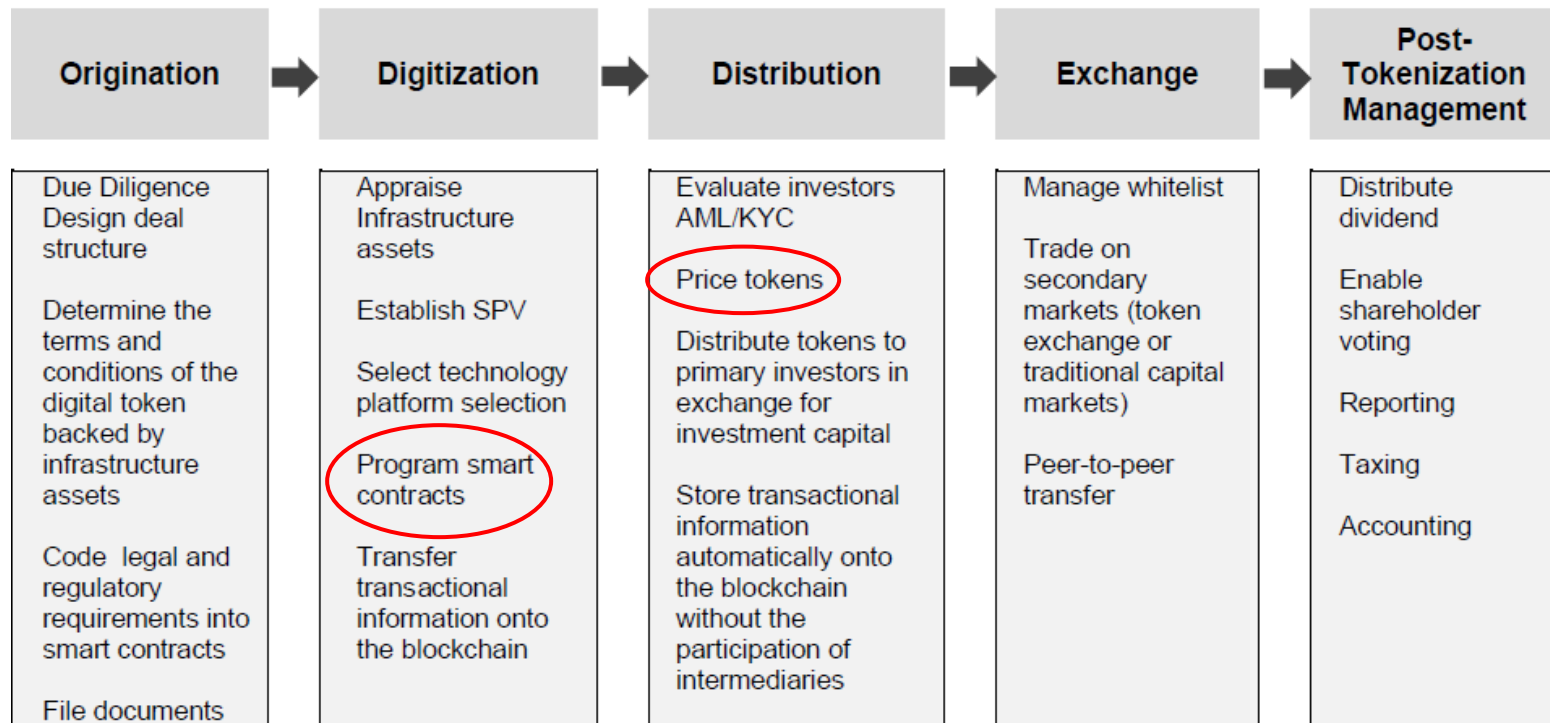
Summary

Sources of Financing	Entities	Asset Tokenization Benefits
Public Finance	EMDE Government	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Self-enforcing regulation Automated accounting, tax, and auditing Improved public finance efficiency Accountability and transparency in public administration Enhanced data collection
	Multilateral Development Bank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Better monitoring and controlling Incentive to initiate global collaboration Frictionless cross-border transfer Simplified counterparty risks management
Private Finance	Institutional Investors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Secondary trading Access to small-scale projects Reduced financial costs International investment opportunities exposure
	Retail Investors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhanced data collection Access to infrastructure investment Lower entry and exit barriers Included in community development Individualized portfolio construction

Comments

- Very timely, interesting, and important question
- Some suggestions/challenges to improve the paper (or for future papers)
 - Key ingredients in asset tokenization
 - Unique features of EMDEs

Infrastructure Asset Tokenization



Infrastructure Asset Tokenization

- Smart Contracts: automated execution, map certain states of the world to corresponding actions
 - Car loan: miss payment → disable the car
- Internet of Things (IoT) Sensors: provide digital inputs, more granular states
- Asset Tokens: novel financing instrument, enhanced transparency and investor participation

Infrastructure Asset Tokenization

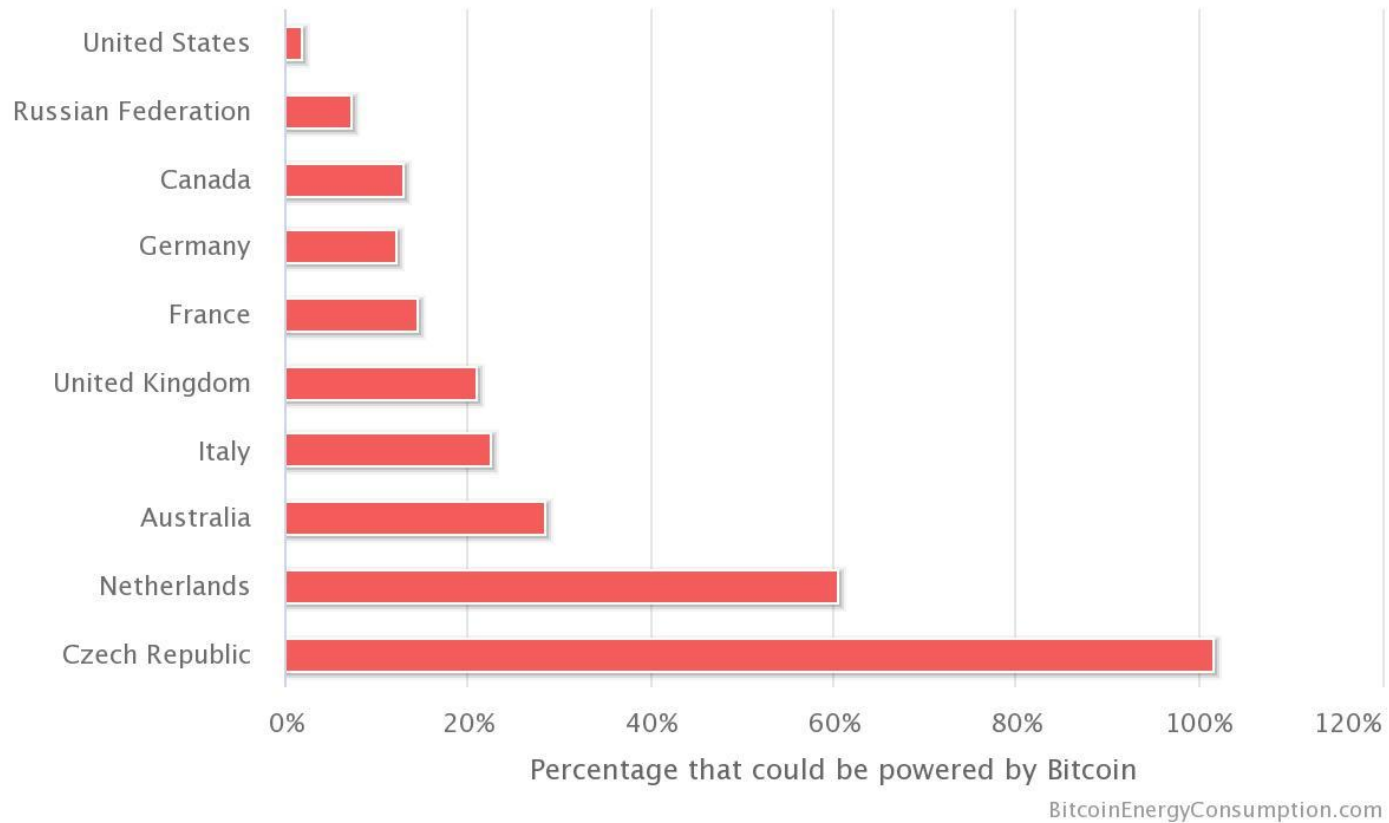
- This paper: smart contracts + IoT sensors + asset tokens, confounded effect
- Each technology has standalone benefit and implementation cost
 - Conventional contracts and financing with increased information from IoT sensors
 - Smart contracts based on existing digital inputs without IoT sensors
- What/How to prioritize? Country-specific?

Transparency and Adoption

- This paper: information asymmetry is more prevalent in EMDEs, and tokenization could improve transparency.
- Blockchain alone cannot address the problem of original data quality and authenticity
- Smart contracts alone cannot resolve the inefficiency and incompleteness in traditional contracts
- The existing ecosystem affects the technology adoption, esp. centralized → decentralized system.

Energy Consumption

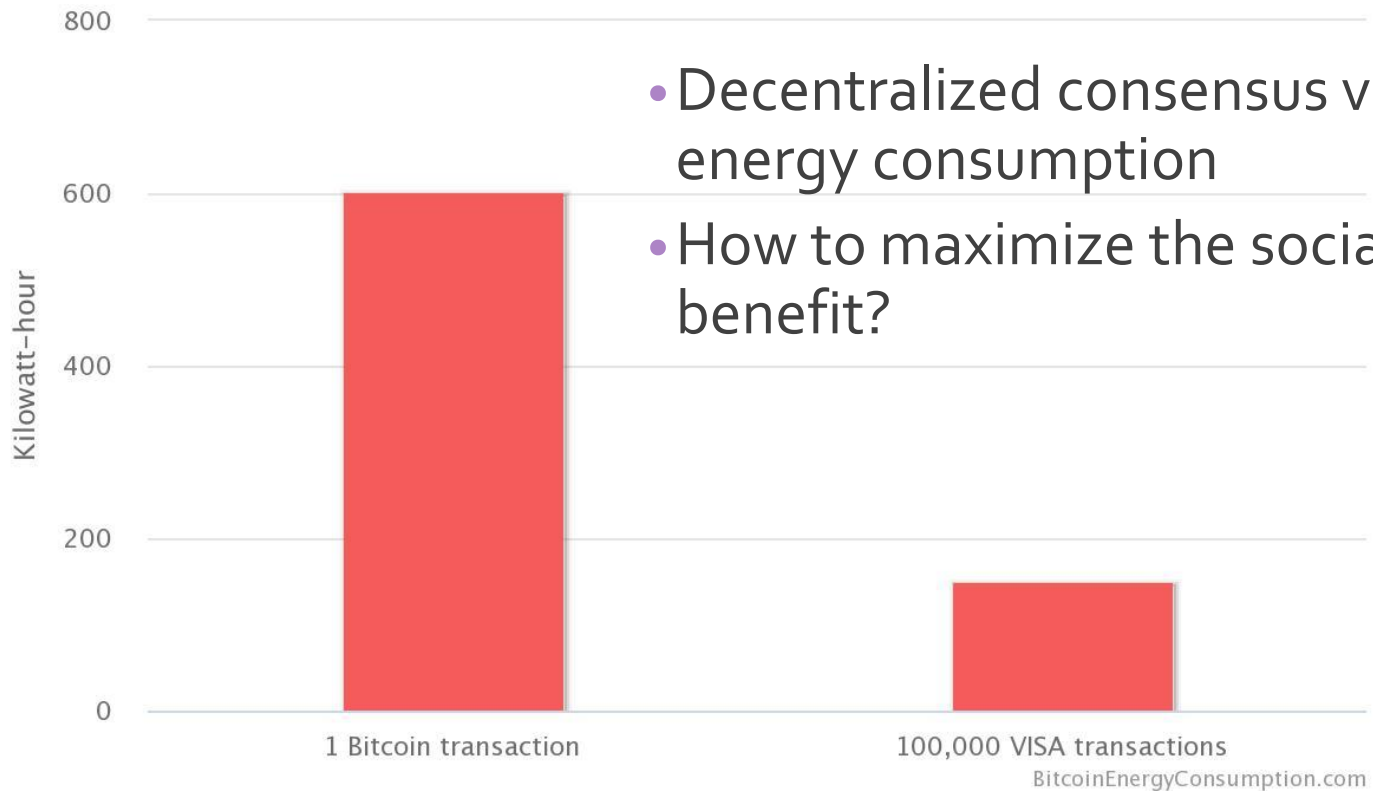
Bitcoin Energy Consumption Relative to Several Countries



Energy Consumption

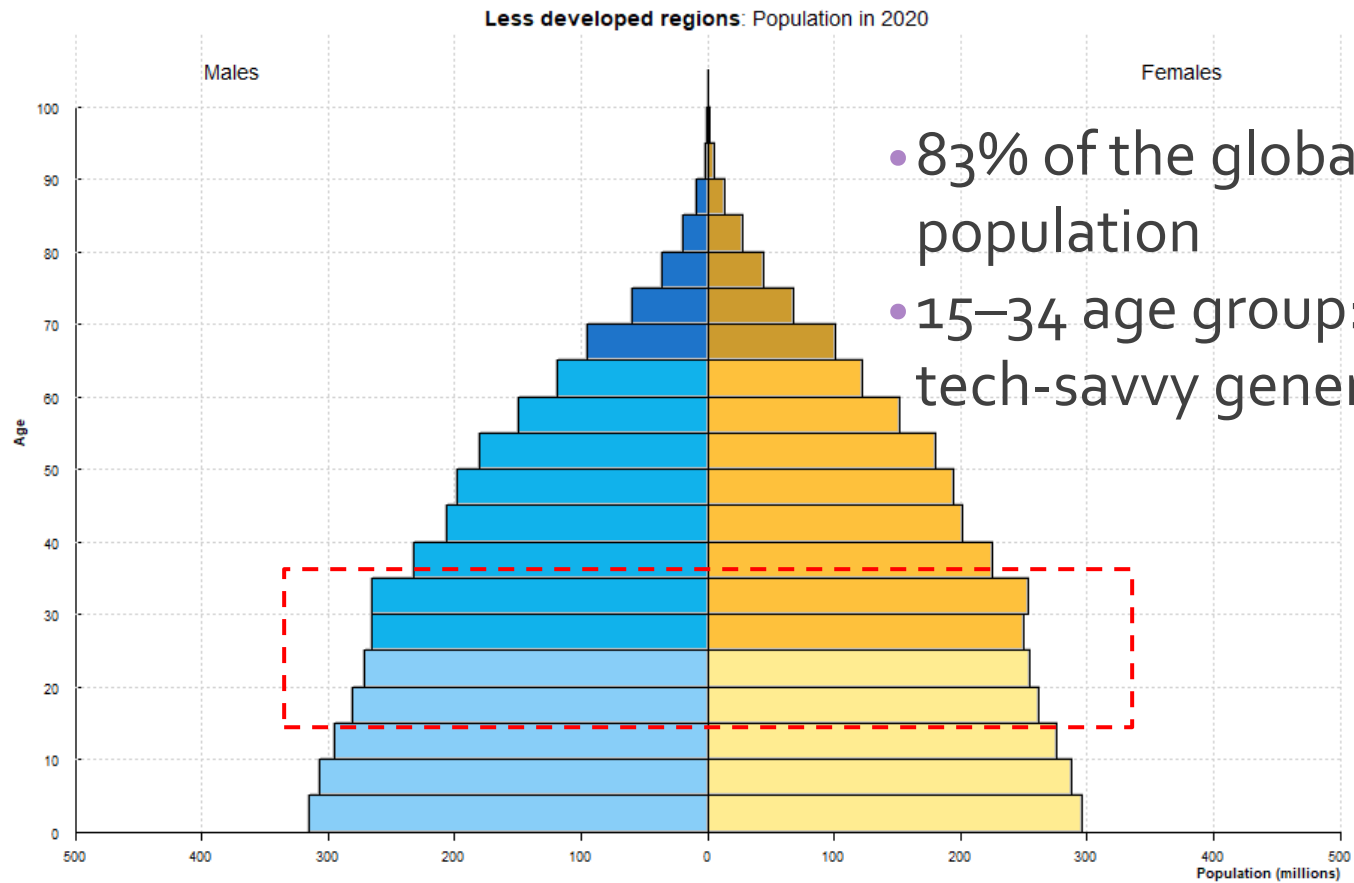
Bitcoin network versus VISA network

Energy footprint per transaction



- Decentralized consensus vs. energy consumption
- How to maximize the social benefit?

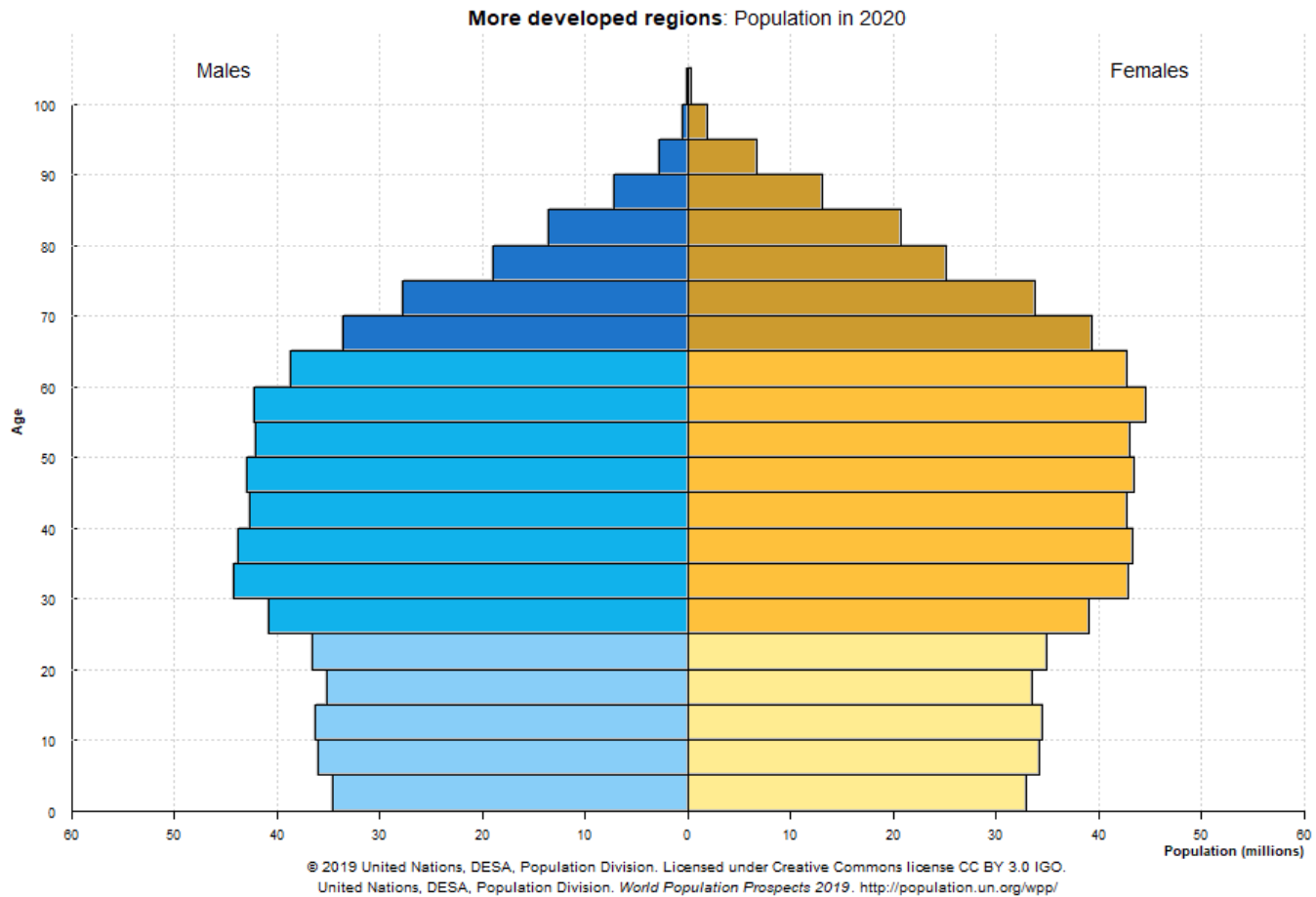
Demographic Dividends



- 83% of the global population
- 15–34 age group: tech-savvy generation

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United Nations, DESA, Population Division. *World Population Prospects 2019*. <http://population.un.org/wpp/>

Demographic Dividends



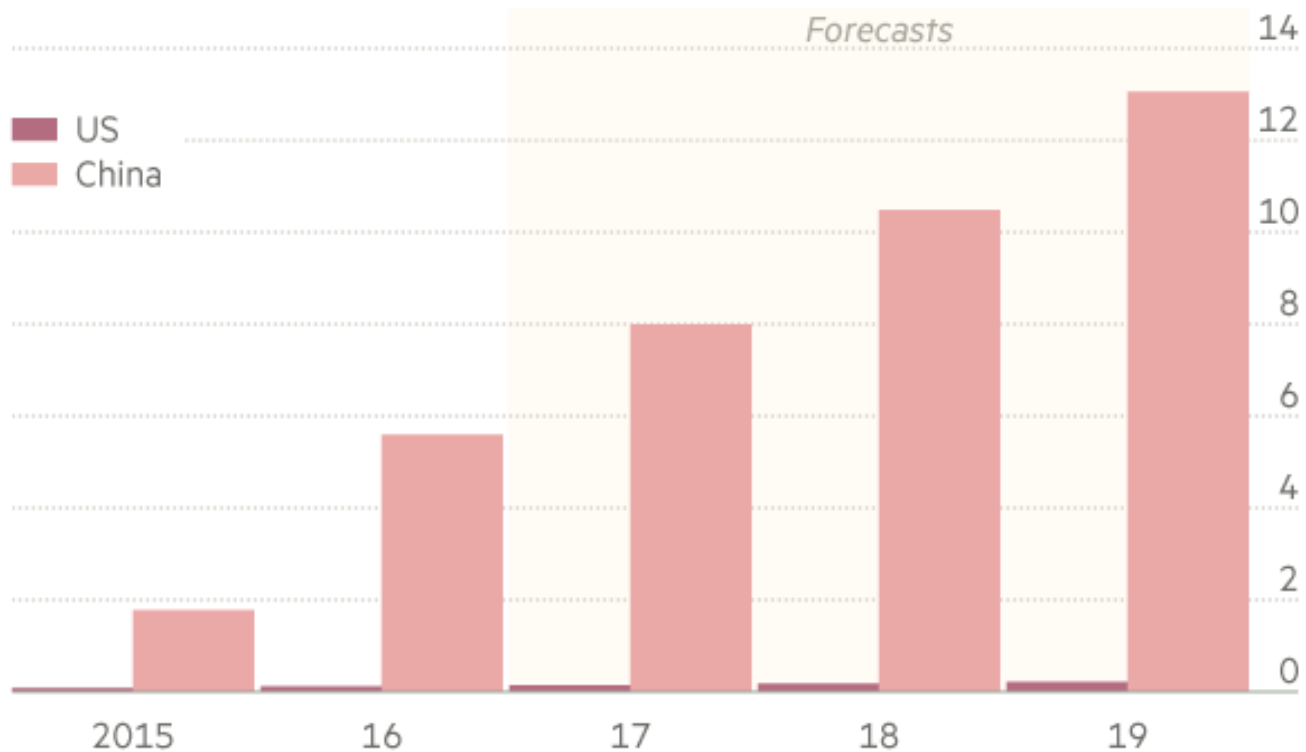
Late-Mover Advantage

- Skip steps like landlines, desktops, dial-up internet, credit cards, ...
- Adopt new technologies like WiFi, mobile apps, mobile banking, ...

Late-Mover Advantage

China mobile payments dwarf US

Transaction value of third-party payments (\$tn)



Post-2015 figures are forecasts; renminbi values converted to US\$ at current exchange rate

Sources: Forrester Research (US); iResearch (China)

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What I Learned...

- Tokenization holds the potential to bridge the infrastructure gap in EMDEs.
- Unique features of EMDEs
 - Technology is not panacea for many existing problems
 - Tradeoffs: decentralization, security, scalability, ...
 - Strengths: demographic dividends, late-mover advantage, ...