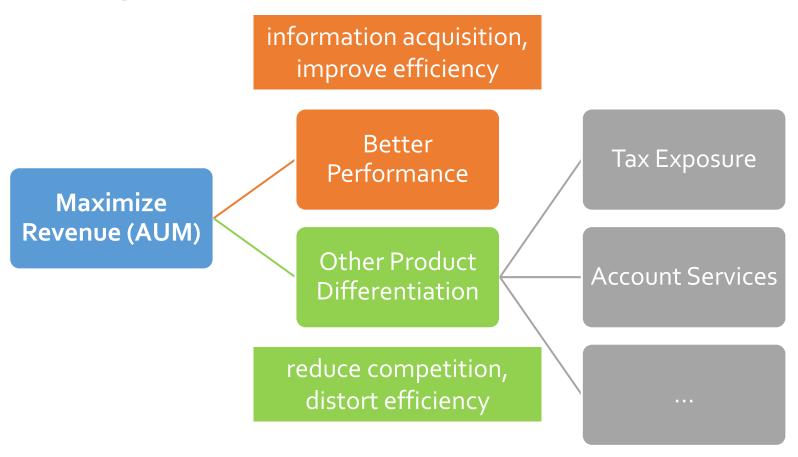
# Tax Evasion and Information Production: Evidence from the FATCA and Offshore Asset Management

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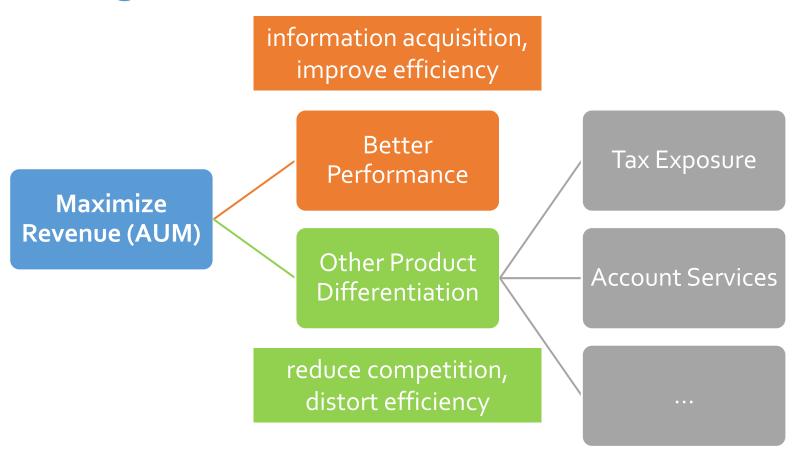
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# Background



• Fund managers may optimally devote resources to nonperformance-related attributes.

# Background



• Empirical challenge: endogenous choice, the ex ante choice sets of fund managers are unobservable

# FATCA as an Exogenous Shock

- FATCA: Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act
- Exogenous shock to an important nonperformancerelated attribute: offshore tax evasion
- Before FATCA: self-report the offshore income, establish offshore accounts to evade U.S. taxes
- After FATCA: foreign financial institutions (FFIs) report directly to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)
- •97% of FFIs have registered under the FATCA in July 2014 when it was first implemented, otherwise face a 30% withholding tax on any U.S.-sourced income

#### Offshore Accounts: No Place to Hide?

The U.S.'s intense crackdown on tax evasion is entering a new phase.

# Revenue to receive details on thousands of offshore accounts

Disclosure of Crown Dependencies and Overseas Territories' records likely to spur prosecutions

# A New Era of Tax-Data Sharing for the IRS

Agency starts digital exchange of financial-account data with authorities overseas

# Tax milestone as Fatca reporting requirement takes effect

Financial institutions must start collecting information US clients

# Wealthy turn their backs on offshore tax havens

Tighter international rules cut the options for managers



Jersey has traitionally been a major centre for offshore financial services

## Research Questions

- How tax evasion affects information production by asset managers?
- What are the implications for the efficiency of financial markets?
- Mutual funds underperform the market on average:
  - Lack of skill
  - Market is efficient
  - Selection mechanism: substitute performance with more cost-effective attributes (e.g., tax advantage)

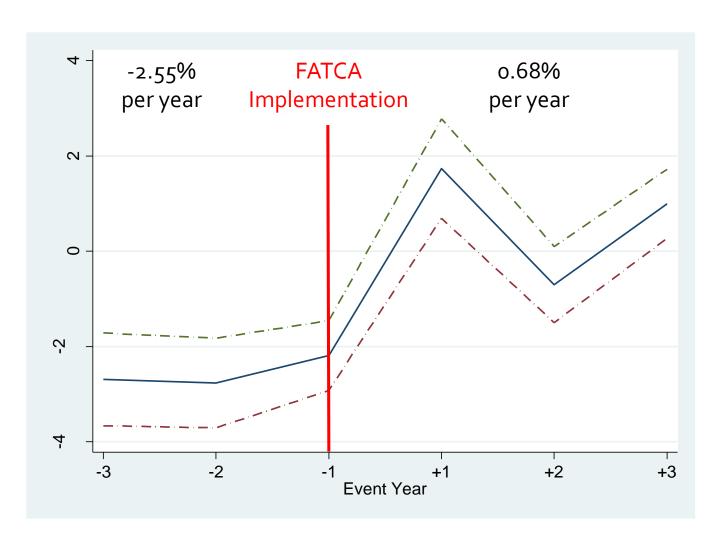
### Data

- Mutual fund characteristics: Morningstar Direct and FactSet
- Stock characteristics: CRSP, COMPUSTAT North America and Global
- •Sample: actively managed offshore equity mutual funds from 2011 to 2017
- •10,079 unique funds domiciled in 34 countries

# Identification Strategy: Diff-in-Diff

- Treatment group: offshore funds sold to U.S. investors, affected funds
  - Before FATCA: provide tax benefits, compete on aftertax returns to attract investors
  - After FATCA: no tax advantage, compete on beforetax returns, need to improve performance or provide other benefits to retain investors
- Control group: offshore funds not sold to U.S. investors, unaffected funds
- Event window: [-3, +3] years around the FATCA implementation (July 1, 2014)

#### Style-adjusted Return Spread (Treatment-minus-Control)



#### DiD Estimate: Fund Performance

	Return		Risk-adjus	sted Return	Value Added	
	Return	STYRET	FFC4	FFC8	STYRET	FFC8
	Model 1	Model 2	Model 5	Model 6	Model 9	Model 10
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y	0.232***	0.214***	0.107**	0.083*	1.109***	0.810***
	(5.17)	(5.25)	(2.13)	(1.91)	(7.56)	(4.95)
Controls	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Fund FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

- Affected funds: 2.57% higher style-adjusted return, \$13.31 million higher dollar value added per year
- Sialm and Zhang (2020): the median (third quartile) tax burden of U.S. domestic funds is 1.62% (2.89%) in 2014.
- Mutual funds can deliver better performance when they need to.

#### DiD Estimate: Fund Performance Over Time

	Ret	turn	Value	Added
	Return	STYRET	STYRET	FFC8
	Model 5	Model 6	Model 7	Model 8
Panel A: Full Sample				
US Sale × Pre FATCA <sup>-1</sup>	-0.109	-0.100	0.251	0.322
	(-1.28)	(-1.18)	(0.96)	(1.12)
US Sale × Post FATCA <sup>+1</sup>	0.261***	0.220***	1.296***	0.949***
	(3.51)	(2.97)	(5.01)	(4.71)
US Sale × Post FATCA+2:+3	0.158*	0.157*	1.147***	0.922***
	(1.76)	(1.72)	(3.85)	(3.56)
Panel B: Matched Sample				
US Sale × Pre FATCA <sup>-1</sup>	-0.021	-0.008	-0.002	0.582
	(-0.23)	(-0.09)	(-0.01)	(1.27)
US Sale × Post FATCA <sup>+1</sup>	0.330***	0.299***	1.926***	1.233***
	(5.42)	(5.03)	(5.89)	(4.88)
US Sale × Post FATCA+2:+3	0.225***	0.237***	1.083**	1.075***
	(3.53)	(3.73)	(2.66)	(2.86)
Controls	Y	Y	Y	Y
Fund FE	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y

No pretrends in fund performance

#### DiD Estimate: Fund Performance Over Time

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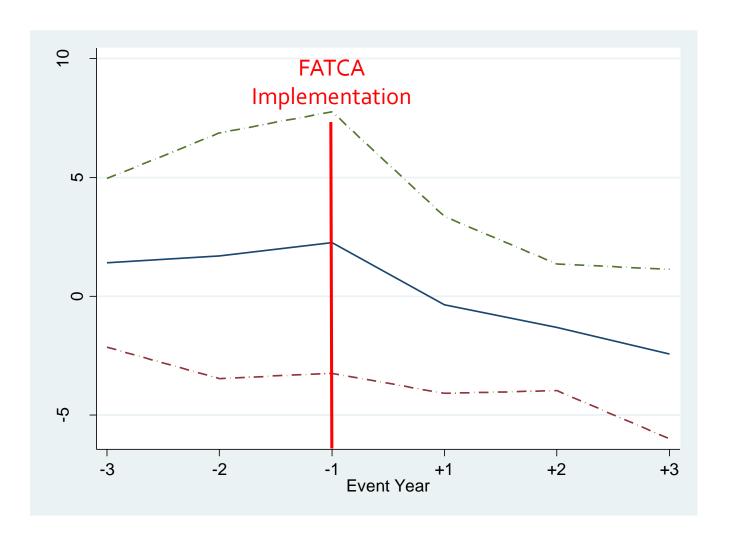
<sup>•</sup> FATCA-induced performance improvement persists over time.

## DiD Estimate: Fund Fees in Matched Sample

	Fe	ee	Style-adj	usted Fee
	Model 5	Model 6	Model 7	Model 8
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y	-0.022**		-0.021*	
	(-2.06)		(-1.97)	
US Sale × Post FATCA <sup>+1</sup>		-0.007		-0.007
		(-0.62)		(-0.62)
US Sale × Post FATCA+2:+3		-0.030**		-0.029**
		(-2.60)		(-2.47)
Controls	Y	Y	Y	Y
Fund FE	Y	Y	Y	Y
Year FE	Y	Y	Y	Y

• Affected funds: 2-3 bp lower fee per year, 1.62% of the sample average

#### Style-adjusted Flow Spread (Treatment-minus-Control)



### DiD Estimate: Fund Flows in Matched Sample

	Flow			Style-adjusted Flow		
	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5	Model 6
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y	-0.186		-0.257*	-0.182		-0.252**
	(-1.50)		(-2.05)	(-1.52)		(-2.06)
US Sale × Post FATCA <sup>+1</sup>		-0.036			-0.035	
		(-0.26)			(-0.26)	
US Sale × Post FATCA+2:+3		-0.272**			-0.267**	
		(-2.25)			(-2.30)	
US Sale $\times$ Post FATCA 3Y $\times$ $\Delta$ STYRET		,	0.405***			0.403***
			(2.96)			(2.95)
Post FATCA $3Y \times \Delta STYRET$			0.224*			0.213*
			(1.94)			(1.82)
Controls	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Fund FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

- Affected funds: 3.20% lower style-adjusted flows per year, in Years 2 and 3 following the FATCA
- The additional performance do not fully compensate for the loss of tax benefits.

## DiD Estimate: Fund Flows in Matched Sample

	Flow			Style-adjusted Flow		
	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5	Model 6
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y	-0.186		-0.257*	-0.182		-0.252**
	(-1.50)		(-2.05)	(-1.52)		(-2.06)
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Post FATCA $3Y \times \Delta STYRET$			0.224*			0.213*
			(1.94)			(1.82)
Controls	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Fund FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

• Affected funds: less outflows if improve performance after the FATCA

### DiD Estimate: Counterfactual Analysis

	Active	Active Funds		Funds
	Model 3	Model 4	Model 7	Model 8
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y	-0.102		-1.125**	
	(-1.15)		(-2.22)	
US Sale × Post FATCA <sup>+1</sup>		0.083		-0.811
		(0.75)		(-1.29)
US Sale × Post FATCA+2:+3		-0.205**		-1.315**
		(-2.16)		(-2.01)
Controls	Y	Y	Y	Y
Fund FE	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y

- No significant difference in performance between affected and unaffected index funds after the FATCA
- Affected active vs. index funds: 2.46% vs. 15.78% lower style-adjusted flows per year, in Years 2 and 3 following the FATCA
- Fund investors are aware of the tax benefits and the potential flow damage is substantial.

## DiD Estimate: Fund Investment Strategies

	$TR^2$	Return Gap	ICI	AS_Low News Coverage	AS_High Amihud	AS_Low Turnover
	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5	Model 6
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y	-0.133***	0.042	0.370***	0.132**	0.231**	0.580***
	(-2.92)	(1.31)	(2.96)	(2.55)	(2.51)	(5.30)
Controls	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Fund FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

- Affected funds: more active
- More return deviations, more concentrated portfolios in specific industries, more active shares on stocks with low news coverage and more asymmetric information

# DiD Estimate: Fund Investment Strategies

	Stock Dividend Yield	Fund Dividend Yield
	Model 7	Model 8
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y	0.027	-0.193
	(1.02)	(-0.60)
Controls	Y	Y
	-	-
Fund FE	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y

- Divest from high-dividend-yield stocks → reduce the tax burden
- Affected funds: not likely to improve tax efficiency

## Market Efficiency

	Delay <sub>.</sub>	_Local	Delay_Global		
	Model 2			Model 8	
IO_Affected × Post FATCA 3Y	-0.331**	-0.397**	-0.054	-0.057	
	(-2.71)	(-2.76)	(-0.74)	(-0.86)	
IO_Unaffected × Post FATCA 3Y	0.087	0.086	0.050	0.020	
	(1.43)	(1.35)	(1.62)	(0.70)	
Controls	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Stock FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Country-Year FE	Y	N	Y	N	
Country-Industry-Year FE	N	Y	N	Y	

- 1 std.dev. increase in the ownership of affected funds → reduce the delay to local market information by 4.84% (higher price efficiency)
- No change for unaffected funds and delay to global market information

# Additional Analysis

- Diff-in-diff (DDD): Active × US Sale × Post
- Extend the sample period to June 2019 (5 years after FATCA)
- No effect around the enactment date (March 2010)
- Alternative clustering, fixed effects, and matched sample

## Conclusion

- Selection mechanism: being informed is an endogenous choice of fund managers
- •FATCA as an exogenous shock to fund performance incentives: mutual funds can deliver better performance when they need to.
- More transparency in tax reporting motivates performance-based competition → improves the efficiency of the global mutual fund industry and stock markets.

# **APPENDIX**

## DiD Estimate: Style-adjusted Return

	Model 6	Model 7	Model 8	Model 9	Model 10
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y	-0.077*	-0.077*	0.082**	0.107***	0.101***
	(-1.86)	(-1.86)	(2.62)	(2.81)	(2.97)
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y × Haven	0.164***				
	(3.84)				
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y × TIEA Haven		0.153***			
		(3.55)			
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y × Non-TIEA Haven		0.206***			
		(5.42)			
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y × Income Fund		` ,	0.232***		
			(3.76)		
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y × Large Fund			, ,	0.063*	
<u> </u>				(1.76)	
US Sale × Post FATCA 3Y × Low TR <sup>2</sup>				` ,	0.087*
					(2.03)
					` /
Controls	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Fund FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Month FE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

• Greater performance improvement among tax-sensitive funds: domiciled in tax havens, income funds



#### **Treatment Fund Size**

